

Carlo Cattano



Born in Palermo (Italy) on 11/08/1981

Tel.: +39 3282350581

e-mail: carlo.cattano@szn.it

Skype: carlocattano

Current Position: Researcher

Current Affiliation:

Integrative Marine Ecology Department, Stazione Zoologica Anton Dohrn, Palermo (Italy)

Education/Training/Experience

Institute and Location	Degree / Function	Year	Field of Study
University of Palermo (Italy)	Bachelor	2001-2008	Biological sciences
University of Palermo (Italy)	Master (Laurea)	2008-2011	Marine Ecology
University of Palermo (Italy)	Ph.D.	2014-2017	Effects of Ocean Acidification on physiology, behaviour and ecology of fish
National Inter-University Consortium for Marine Sciences (CoNISMa)	Postdoc	2017-2020	Evaluation of structure and composition of fish communities under different levels of protection
Stazione Zoologica Anton Dohrn, Napoli, Italy	Researcher	2020-present	Marine Ecology

Publications

List of publications of the last 10 years

Peer-reviewed publications:

Cattano C, Turco G, Di Lorenzo M, Gristina M, Visconti G, Milazzo M. (In press). Sandbar shark aggregation in the Central Mediterranean Sea and potential effects of tourism. *Aquatic Conservation: Marine and Freshwater Ecosystems*. DOI: 10.1002/aqc.3517

Cattano C, Agostini S, Harvey BP, Wada S, Quattrochi F, Turco G, Inaba K, Hall-Spencer JM, Milazzo M. (2020). Changes in fish communities due to benthic habitat shifts under ocean acidification conditions. *Science of the Total Environment*. 725:138501

Aglieri G, Baillie C, Mariani S, **Cattano C**, Calò A, Turco G, Spatafora D, Di Franco A, Di Lorenzo M, Guidetti P, Milazzo M. (2020). Environmental DNA effectively captures functional diversity of coastal fish communities. *Molecular Ecology*. <https://doi.org/10.1111/mec.15661>

Cattano C, Fine M, Quattrochi F, Holzman R, Milazzo M. (2019). Behavioural responses of fish groups exposed to a predatory threat under elevated CO₂. *Marine Environmental Research*. 147: 179-184

Di Franco A, Calo` A, Sdiri K, **Cattano C**, Milazzo M, Guidetti P. (2019). Ocean acidification affects somatic and otolith growth relationship in fish: evidence from an in situ study. *Biology Letters*. 15: 20180662.

Cattano C, Claudet J, Domenici P, Milazzo M. (2018). Living in a high CO₂ world: a global meta-analysis shows multiple trait-mediated fish responses to ocean acidification. *Ecological Monographs*. 88(3), 320-335

Sinopoli M, **Cattano C**, Chemello R, Timpanaro A, Milisenda G, Gristina M. (2018). Nest-mediated parental care in a marine fish: Are large-scale nesting habitats selected and do these habitats respond to small-scale requirements? *Mediterranean Marine Science*. doi:<http://dx.doi.org/10.12681/mms.14993>

Cattano C, Calò A, Di Franco A, Firmamento R, Quattrochi F, Sdiri K, Guidetti P, Milazzo M. (2017). Ocean acidification does not impair predator recognition but increases juvenile growth in a temperate wrasse off CO₂ seeps. *Marine Environmental Research*. 132, 33-40

Milazzo M, **Cattano C**, Alonso SH, Foggo A, Gristina M, Rodolfo-Metalpa R, Sinopoli M, Spatafora D, Stiver KA, Hall-Spencer JM. (2016). Ocean acidification affects fish spawning but not paternity at CO₂ seeps. *Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences*. 283(1835), 20161021

Cattano C, Giomi F, Milazzo M. (2016). Effects of ocean acidification on embryonic respiration and development of a temperate wrasse living along a natural CO₂ gradient. *Conservation Physiology*. 4(1).

Sinopoli M, **Cattano C**, Andaloro F, Sarà G, Butler C, Gristina M (2015). Influence of fish aggregating devices (FADs) on anti-predator behaviour within experimental mesocosms. *Marine Environmental Research*. 112: 152-159

Sinopoli M, **Cattano C**, Chemello R, Timpanaro A, Timpanaro V, Gristina M. (2015) Nest building in a Mediterranean wrasse (*Syphodus ocellatus*): are the algae used randomly chosen or actively selected? *Marine Ecology*. 36(4): 942–949.