## Lorenzo Minoia



Born in Sant'Angelo Lodigiano (Italy) on 12/06/1995

**Tel.:** +39 3403610850

e-mail: lorenzo.minoia@szn.it

1.minoia@student.unisi.it

Skype: lollo.ari

Current Position: Ph.D student

**Director of Studies:** Massimiliano Bottaro **Internal Supervisor:** Massimiliano Bottaro

External Supervisor: Letiza Marsili (University of Siena)

Program: XXXVII cycle PhD in

"Environmental, Geological and Polar Sciences and Technologies", University of Siena

## **Affiliation:**

Department of Integrative Marine Ecology, Stazione Zoologica Anton Dohrn, Napoli (Italy)

## **Education/Training/Experience**

Institute and Location	Degree /	Year	Field of Study
	Function		
University of Pavia	Bachelor's	2014 -	Natural Sciences
	Degree	2018	
APEX – Shark Expeditions	Trainee	June –	Biology and Ecology of Carcharodon carcharias
(South Africa)		September	
		2017	
BDRI - Bottlenose Dolphin	Trainee	August	Monitoring and scientific
research Institute (Spain)		2018	research on Tursiops
			truncatus
University of Genoa	Master's	2017 -	Marine Biology and
-	Degree	2019	Ecology
University of Padua	Second level	2020 -	Conservation Medicine of
	University	2021	
	Master		Aquatic Animals
University of Siena	Trainee	March –	Toxicological analyses in
•		June 2021	Grampus griseus stranded
			along the Italian coasts

University of Siena / Stazione	PhD Student	November	Evaluating the presence of
Zoologica Anton Dohrn (SZN)		2021 –	pollutants in commonly
		Present	caught sharks in two
			protected areas of the
			western Mediterranean
			Sea: impact and risk for
			the ecosystem and for the
			human health

## Other matters relevant to scientific career

Co-founder of **Delfini Del Ponente APS**. The main reason we created the association was to continue the study of bottlenose dolphins (*Tursiops truncatus*), in the western part of the Ligurian Sea, that begun in 2018.

Field visual surveys take place on a dinghy moored in Imperia; we sail all year round, 10 times per month on average. Researchers are assisted by interns who learn cetaceans and other marine fauna monitoring techniques.

Wildlife search is conducted using binoculars. During each survey, we collect weather, nautical traffic and human activities data while searching for cetaceans, sea turtles, sea birds and other animals.

If we spot animals, we try to approach them to be able to estimate the number, assess their behavior and group composition.

Since dolphin's dorsal fins can be compared, as with human fingerprints, when we sight bottlenose dolphins, we take fin pictures in order to photo-identify any specimen.

Link: <a href="https://delfinidelponente.it/">https://delfinidelponente.it/</a>